As Per NEP 2020

University of Mumbai



Syllabus for Basket of OE Vertical 3 Faculty of Science Board of Studies in Statistics UG Second Year Programme Semester III Title of Paper Credits 2 I) Introduction to Basic Statistics-I 2 credit

2025-26

From the Academic Year

Semester-III

Open Electives-I Name of the course: Introduction to Basic Statistics-I

Sr.	Heading	Particulars
No		

1	Description the Introduction:	
Including but Not limited to :		Introduction to Basic statistics-I course is focuses on basic statistics such as collection of data and how to measure variables on different scale. Student will equip with to identify the scale of measurement and analyze elementary statistical analysis through graphical presentation. Also student will learn to identify nature of the data through statistical methods. This course mainly emphasizes the method of collecting data, summarizing and presenting data, and drawing inferences from the data.
		This course will be useful for science, humanity and commerce faculty. This course will be offered other than science faculty students which will be very useful to gain knowledge about basic statistics in their field. This course will be applicable to various field to analyze their basic data structure.
		This course is focuses practical as well as theoretical aspects of basic statistics along with subjects from psychology, Economics, sociology, commerce, Computers, Mathematics, IT etc.
		There is growing demand for highly skilled statisticians in the 21st century in many fields including government, banking sector, health sciences, veterinary sciences, agricultural sciences, business, and social sciences etc
2	Vertical :	Open Elective
3	Type:	Theory
4	Credit:	2 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours for Theory or 30 Hours of Practical work in a semester)
5	Hours Allotted :	30 Hours
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks

7 | Course Objectives:

Students will be able to,

- 1. Understand the meaning of Statistics and scope of Statistics.
- 2. Understand techniques of data collection and its presentation.
- 3. Compute various measures of central tendencies to know the entire data by a centralized single value.
- 4. Understand spread and variation of data using various techniques of measure of dispersion.
- 5. Understand the behavior of data using skewness and kurtosis and study the nature of probability curve.

8 Course Outcomes:

: on successful completion of the course Students Should be able to,

- 1. Calculate arithmetic mean and its applicability
- 2. Differentiate between qualitative and quantitative data through scale of measurement.
- 3. Construct graphs and diagrams from data and interpret the result.
- 4. Compute Skewness and Kurtosis of the data to describe nature of data distribution.

9	Modules:-	Lect ures
	Module 1: Classification, Tabulation and Presentation of data.	
	 Definition and scope of Statistics Types of data: Qualitative and Quantitative data, Geographical data, Time series data and Crosssection data 	
	Measurement of scales: Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio.	
	Primary data and Secondary dataClassification and Tabulation (One way and Two way).	
	 Frequency distributions: Uni-variate and Bi-variate Diagrammatic representation of data 	
	Simple bar diagram, Multiple bar diagram, Subdivided bar diagram and Pie-chart	
	 Graphical representation of data Histogram, Frequency Polygon, Frequency Curve, Cumulative frequency curve (Less than and more than type). 	

odule 2: Measures of central tendency and Measures of Dispersion	15
Measures of central tendancy	
 Concept and Requirements of good measures of central tendency. 	
 Arithmetic mean (Simple, weighted mean, combined mean)for grouped and un-grouped data, Merits, demerits and its applicability 	
 Positional averages: Median, Mode, and Quartiles (for grouped and un-grouped data) Merits, demerits and its applicability 	
 Graphical representation of mode, median and Quartiles. 	
 Empirical relation between mean, median and mode (Only statement) 	
Measures of Dispersion	
 Concept and requirements of good measures of dispersion. Absolute and Relative measures of dispersion: 	
 Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean absolute deviation, Variance and Standard deviation (for grouped and un-grouped data) Merits demorits and its applies bility	
 Merits, demerits and its applicability Raw moments and central moments, relation between them upto order four (only statement). 	
Measures of Skewness and Kurtosis:	
Karl Pearson's measure of Skewness ,	
 Measures of skewness and kurtosis based on moments.(Only 	
formulae) and their interpretation	
ference Books	
David S.: Elementary Probability, Cambridge University Press.	
 Hoel P.G.: Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, Asia Publishing House. 	
 Hogg R.V. and Tannis E.P.: Probability 	
and Statistical Inference.McMillan	
Publishing Co. Inc.	
Pitan Jim : Probability, Narosa Publishing House.	
• Goon A.M., Gupta M.K., Dasgupta B. :	
Fundamentals of Statistics, Volume II :The World	
Press Private Limited, Calcutta.	
Mukhopadhyay P. An Introduction to the Theory of	

Probability, World Scientific Publishing Company, 2011. Grewal P. S, Methods of Statistical Analysis, Sterling Publishers, 1990 • S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand and Sons

Format of Question Paper:

Internal Continuous Assessment: (20 marks)

Assignment/viva	Class Test	Total
Quizzes, Class Tests, presentation,		
project, assignment etc		
05	15	20

Semester End Examination: (30 marks)

Semester End Examination will be of 30 marks of 01 hour duration covering entire syllabus of the semester. All questions are Compulsory.

Theory Question Paper Pattern:

Q 1	Attempt any one question out of two questions (Module I and II)	Max. marks: 10
Q 2	Attempt any two questions out of three questions (Module I)	Max. marks: 10
Q 3	Attempt any two questions out of three questions (Module II)	Max. marks: 10

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Sign of the BOS Chairman Dr. Santosh Gite Board of Studies in Statistics Sign of the Offg. Associate Dean Dr. Madhav R. Rajwade Faculty of Science & Technology Sign of the Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram S. Garje Faculty of Science & Technology

